

The Disciplinary

Regulations

14 May 2024

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1	APPLI	ICATION					
UNC	INCHANGED						
	1.1	These Regulations shall apply where, in respect of any Member, former Member, Student or former Student it comes to the notice of the Institute that one or more of the events described in Bye-Law 23 (a) to (e) have or might have occurred, or where, representations, complaints and information which come to the attention of the Institute may or might found a basis for proceedings under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme or statutory disciplinary scheme in which the Institute participates.					
2	DEFIN	ITIONS	SAND INTERPRETATION				
UNC	CHANGE	ס					
	2.1		se Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires, the following ssions shall have the following meanings:				
		(a)	"Appeal Committee" means a committee established in accordance with Regulation 16.2 and 16.4 for the purposes set out in Regulation 8;				
		(b)	"breach(es) of Bye-Law 23" means an occurrence of any one or more of the events described in Bye-Law 23 (a) through (e) or, in relation to any matters which took place prior to 9 October 2013, an occurrence of any one or more of the events described in Bye- Law 23 or 25 or 28(B)(a) as in force at the time of the occurrence;				
		(C)	"Bye-Laws" means the Bye-Laws of the Institute as amended from time to time;				
		(d)	"Chair of the Investigations Committee" means the individual appointed in accordance with Regulation 15.1 who shall undertake the role detailed in Regulations 4.1, 4.2 and 16.1(d) and, when acting pursuant to Regulations 4.1, shall be sitting as the quorum of the Investigations Committee;				
		(e)	"Charter" means the Supplemental Charter of the Institute as amended from time to time;				
		(f)	"CIPFA Member" means a member of the Investigations Committee, a Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee appointed in accordance with Regulation 15.8;"				
		(g)	"Committee" means any one or more of the Investigations Committee, a Disciplinary Committee and an Appeal Committee as				

	is appropriate in the context;"		
(h)	"Compensatory Award" means an award as to compensation made		
	on behalf of the Institute:		
	(i) by the Investigations Committee to a Complainant to		
	compensate him or her in whole or in part for the reasonable		
	costs of bringing an issue to the Institute's attention (subject		
	to a maximum of £1000 (one thousand pounds sterling) or		
	such other maximum as the Council may from time to time		
	determine); or		
	(ii) by a Disciplinary Committee, or on appeal, an Appeal		
	Committee to a Complainant and/or third party to reimburse		
	in whole or in part fees paid by the Complainant and/or third		
	party to the Respondent in relation to work done by or on		
	behalf of the Respondent, where such work has been		
	considered by that Disciplinary Committee or Appeal		
	Committee at a hearing. The combined value of any such		
	award(s) made by a Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal		
	Committee in any case shall not exceed the value of £5000		
	(five thousand pounds sterling) or such other maximum as		
	the Council may from time to time determine;		
(i)	"Complainant" means any person who has formally brought to the		
	attention of or reported to the Institute any facts, circumstances or		
	matters considered under these Regulations;		
(j)	"Conviction Matter" means any matter wholly or substantially		
	arising from a, conviction in any proceedings for an offence in		
	relation to which a sentence of imprisonment may be imposed;		
(k)	"Cost Order" means an award as to costs to be paid by either the		
	Respondent or the Institute so as wholly or partially to reimburse		
	the Institute or the Respondent such reasonable costs and expenses		
	as that party has incurred in connection with the investigation and		
	determination of the disciplinary action including any appeal;		
(I)	"Disciplinary Committee" means a committee established in		
	accordance with Regulation 16.2 and 16.3 for the purposes set out		
	in Regulation 7;		
(m)	"Entry on Record" means an entry placed on the membership record		
	of a Respondent for a period not exceeding two years that no further		
	action will be taken under the disciplinary scheme in respect of a		
	matter, unless further complaints or allegations regarding the		

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		Respondent are received within the specified period, in which case
		the original matter may be reconsidered alongside any new matter
		and taken into account by a Committee in deciding what, if any,
		sanction to impose on the Respondent;
	(n)	"Expulsion" means, in relation to a Member or Student expulsion
		from membership or studentship of the Institute indefinitely, and,
		in relation to a former Member or former Student means an order
		that if the former Member or former Student at any time applies to
		be re-admitted to membership or studentship of the Institute the
		application shall be treated in accordance with Regulation 17;
	(0)	"former Member" means any person who has been a Member;
	(p)	"former Student" means any person who has been a Student;"
	(q)	"Head of the Investigations Unit" means the occupant of the
		position of Head of the Investigations Unit at any time, or a named
		substitute acting in the position in the event that the holder of the
		position is absent or incapable of performing their role;
	(r)	"Independent Member" means a member of the Investigations
		Committee, a Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee
		appointed in accordance with Regulation 15.7;
		"Interested Person" means an individual or body with a proper
	(s)	
		interest in the outcome of any proceedings under these Disciplinary
		Regulations and may include the Respondent's employer and any
		other professional regulatory bodies of which, to the Institute's
		knowledge, the Respondent is a member;
	(t)	"Investigations Committee" means the committee established in
		accordance with Regulation 16.1 (except where the Chair of the
		Investigations Committee is acting alone as the quorum of the
		Investigations Committee, in which case the term "Chair of the
		Investigations Committee" shall be used);
	(u)	"Investigations Unit" means the division of the Institute or such
		external contractors, agents or representatives as the Institute may
		appoint to carry out the functions of the Investigations Unit whose
		task is to investigate disciplinary matters, refer matters to the
		Investigations Committee in accordance with these Regulations and
		to present cases before Disciplinary and Appeal Committees and
		which shall be independent from any Committee;
	(v)	"Joint Disciplinary Scheme" means a scheme in which the Institute
		participates in accordance with Bye-Law 25(B);
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(w)	"Legal Assessor" means a person appointed to provide legal advice		
	to the Investigations Committee, a Disciplinary Committee or an		
	Appeal Committee and who shall be independent from those		
	Committees and from the Investigations Unit;		

(x)	"Member" means, for the purposes of these Regulations only, a person elected or registered (as appropriate) in accordance with Bye- Laws 4, 5, 18 or 19;
(y)	"Practising Certificate" means any certificate issued to a Member under any Practice Regulations of the Institute in force from time to time authorising him or her to engage in specific areas of work which are defined as "public practice";
(z)	"Presenting Officer" means a representative of the Investigations Unit or a person appointed to represent the Investigations Unit at any hearing held in accordance with these Regulations;
(aa)	"Regulatory Panel" means the panel established in accordance with Regulation 16.2 from which members are appointed to sit as members of a Disciplinary or Appeal Committee;
(bb)	"Reimbursement Order" means an order for payment to be made by the Respondent to the Institute to reimburse the Institute in whole or in part for monies paid out by the Institute in respect of a Compensatory Award
(cc)	"Respondent" means a Member or former Member, Student or former Student who is subject to preliminary enquiries or disciplinary proceedings under these Regulations as is appropriate in the context;
(dd)	"Reviewer of Complaints" means a person appointed in accordance with Regulation 14 to review certain decisions of the Chair of the Investigations Committee and the Investigations Committee in accordance with Regulation 6;
(ee)	"Student" means a student registered by the Institute in accordance with Bye-Laws 20 and 21 and the Student Regulations of the Institute as in force from time to time;
(ff)	"Suspension" means, in relation to a Member or Student, suspension of membership or studentship of the Institute for a definite period of time, and in relation to a former Member or former Student means an order that any application received from that former Member or former Student for re-admittance to membership or studentship during the definite period specified shall be rejected.

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	Unless the context otherwise so requires, other words and expressions
	shall have the meanings assigned to them by the Charter and the Bye-
	Laws. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine

		and words in the singular shall import the plural; and vice versa.			
3	CONST	ITUT		STRUCTURE	
	3.1	that	In those circumstances where it shall come to the notice of the Institute that there has been or may have been a breach of Bye-Law 23 or there may be a basis for proceedings under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme:		
		(a)	The Investigations Unit shall carry out such preliminary enquiries it deems are required to determine whether the matter in whole in part may properly form the basis for proceedings under Bye-La 23 or under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme		
		(b)	Invest to the Invest Regula	preliminary enquiries relate to a Conviction Matter the igations Unit shall pass the results of its preliminary enquiries Chair of the Investigations Committee. The Chair of the igations Committee, subject to his/her obligation under these ations to consider whether a matter should be referred to a Disciplinary Scheme, shall;	
			(i)	refer the matter, in whole or in part, to the Investigations Unit for further investigation if he or she considers that further investigation is required; or	
			(ii)	refer the matter, in whole or in part, to the Investigations Committee for determination if in his or her opinion the matter does not warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose; or	
			(iii)	refer the matter, in whole or in part, to the Disciplinary Committee for determination if in his or her opinion the matter may warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose; or	

		(iv)	close the matter, if in his or her opinion the matter may not properly form the basis of proceedings or the matter should otherwise be closed in accordance with these Regulations.
	(c)	If, hav	ving conducted preliminary enquiries, the Head of the

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			gations Unit is of the opinion that the matter the subject of the		
		preliminary enquiries may not properly form the basis of proceedings			
		or the	or the matter should otherwise be closed in accordance with these		
		Regulations, [save in the case of a Conviction matter] the Head of the			
		Investigations Unit shall have the authority to close the matter			
		accordance with these Regulations.			
	(d)	If havi	If having conducted preliminary enquiries, the Investigations Unit		
		conside	ers that a matter which is not a Conviction Matter may properly		
		form	the basis of proceedings, the Investigations Unit shall		
		comme	ence a formal investigation.		
	(e)	Followi	ng formal investigation by the Investigations Unit, or following		
		referra	l by the Chair of the Investigations Committee to the		
		Investi	gations Committee of a Conviction Matter, the Investigations		
		Commi	ttee, may if it then so sees fit:		
		(i)	refer the matter to the Council to consider whether or not to		
			refer the matter to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme; or		
		(ii)	refer the matter in whole or in part for consideration by a		
			Disciplinary Committee in accordance with these		
			Regulations; or		
		(iii)	issue an order whereby the Respondent may accept a		
			reprimand in relation to the whole or part of the matter; in		
			which case there will be no referral to a Disciplinary		
			Committee; the Respondent shall have a right not to accept		
			the reprimand, and if the Respondent does not accept the		
			reprimand in writing within 21 days of receiving notification		
			of the order the whole or part of the matter will automatically		
			be referred for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee; or		

	(iv)	issue an order whereby the Respondent may accept an Entry
		on Record for a period not exceeding two years in relation to
		the whole or part of the matter; in which case there will be
		no referral for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee and
		no further action will be taken under the disciplinary scheme
		unless further complaints or allegations regarding the

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			Respondent are received within the specified period in which	
			case the Investigations Committee may refer the new matter	
			and the earlier matter (the subject of the Entry on Record)	
			to a Disciplinary Committee as set out in paragraph (ii) above	
			or issue an order as set out in paragraph (iii) above; the	
			Respondent shall have a right not to accept the Entry on	
			Record, and if the Respondent does not accept the Entry on	
			Record in writing within 21 days of receiving notification of	
			the order the matter will automatically be referred for	
			consideration by a Disciplinary Committee; and/or	
		(v)	make a Compensatory Award to a complainant to	
			compensate him or her in whole or in part for the reasonable	
			costs of bringing an issue to the Institute's attention; and/or	
		(vi)	take no further action and therefore dismiss the case against	
			the Respondent.	
	(f)	The Re	viewer of Complaints shall review certain cases dismissed by	
		the In	vestigations Committee or the Chair of the Investigations	
		Commi	ttee at the request of a Complainant provided such request is	
		made v	within 28 days of the Complainant receiving notification of the	
		Investi	gation Committee's or Chair of the Investigations Committee's	
		decisio	n and may if he or she sees fit remit the matter to the	
		Investi	gations Committee with a recommendation that the whole or	
		part of the matter be reconsidered.		

	(g)	A Disciplinary Committee shall:
		in those cases referred to it by the Investigations Committee or the
		Chair of the Investigations Committee, consider the circumstances
		so referred in accordance with its terms of reference and determine
		the nature and extent of any penalty or sanction or Cost Order to be
		imposed on a Respondent (including for the avoidance of doubt any
		Compensatory Award and/or Reimbursement Order that may be
		imposed by the Disciplinary Committee) or Cost Order to be imposed
		on the Institute; a Respondent shall have a right of appeal to the
		Appeal Committee against any determination of a Disciplinary
		Committee save that there shall be no appeal in relation to a Cost

			Order; any party against whom a Disciplinary Committee makes a		
			Cost Order may request a review on legal grounds of that Cost Order;		
			any request for an appeal or a review must be made within 21 day		
			of submission of the determination to the Respondent.		
		(h)	An Appeal Committee shall:		
			(i) hear appeals from certain decisions of a Disciplinary Committee including as to the nature and extent of any penalty or sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee (excluding for the avoidance of doubt any decision connected with a Cost Order) in accordance with the Appeal Committee terms of reference; and where the Appeal Committee considers it to be appropriate, impose, confirm, rescind or vary a penalty or sanction on a Respondent; and		
			(ii) review on legal grounds any Cost Order made by a Disciplinary Committee upon the application of the party against whom the order was made.		
4		THE	INVESTIGATIONS UNIT AND INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE		
	4.1	Prelir	minary enquiries		

	(a)	Any complaints made to the Institute or information that comes		
		to the attention of the Institute which could form the basis of		
		proceedings under Bye-Law 23 or under a Joint Disciplinary		
		Scheme will in the first instance be passed to the Investigations		
		Unit, which will conduct such preliminary enquiries as are		
		necessary in order that the Head of the Investigations Unit can		
		consider whether the matter may properly form the basis for		
		proceedings.		
	(b)	If the matter is a Conviction Matter the Investigations Unit as part		
		of its preliminary enquiries shall:		
		(i) Provide the Respondent who appears to have suffered the		
		conviction with particulars of alleged breach of Bye-Law		
		23 that may be placed before the Chair of the		
		Investigations Committee and such facts or circumstances		
		as shall then be within the knowledge or belief of the		

			Investigations Unit and as the Investigations Unit thinks
			appropriate so as fairly to inform the Respondent of the
			substance of the issue raised and invite the Respondent to
			reply within 21 days of the Institute providing such
			particulars, and, notify the Respondent that the matter is
			to be referred to the Chair of the Investigations Committee
			for initial consideration.
		(ii)	upon receiving the Respondent's reply or upon expiry of the
			21 days from the date of the provision of the particulars of
			breach to the Respondent, reconsider the matter and, if it
			sees fit, may discontinue, alter, amend or add to the
			particulars of the breach of Bye-Law 23 which are to be
			placed before the Chair of the Investigations Committee.
			placed before the chair of the investigations committee.
		(:::)	If the Investigations Unit alters, amonds or adds to such
		(iii)	If the Investigations Unit alters, amends or adds to such
			particulars the altered, amended and additional particulars
			shall be notified to the Respondent in accordance with
			Regulation 4.1(b)(i).
4.2	Outcom	e of pre	eliminary enquiries

(a)	If, having conducted preliminary enquiries, the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that the matter the subject of the preliminary enquiries may not properly form the basis of proceedings or the matter should otherwise be closed in accordance with these Regulations, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall have the authority to close the matter in accordance
	with these Regulations.
(b)	Where the matter referred for initial consideration is a Conviction Matter and the Respondent is a former Member or former Student, if the Head of the Investigations Unit considers that the length of time since the Respondent ceased to be a Member or Student is such that it would not be appropriate in all the circumstances to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Head of the Investigations Unit shall dismiss the case against the Respondent.

	(c)	If after initial consideration of a matter in relation to which the
		Investigations Unit is of the opinion that the matter may not
		properly form the basis of proceedings or a Conviction Matter, the
		Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that there is no
		basis for proceedings under Bye-Law 23 or that the matter or part
		of the matter on which there is a basis for proceedings, if
		investigated, would not result in any sanction against a
		Respondent, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall determine
		that no further action should be taken in that matter or part of
		that matter.
	(d)	If the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that, having
		regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is
		referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Head of the
		Investigations Unit shall stay proceedings under Bye-Laws 23 and
		pass the matter to Council to consider a referral to a Joint
		Disciplinary Scheme.
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	(e)	Where the Head of the Investigations Unit passes a matter to the
		Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme under
		Regulation 4.2(d) and either the Council decides not to make such
		a referral or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme declines to consider the
		matter, the Head of the Investigations Unit shall reconsider the
		matter and make an alternative determination as soon as
		reasonably practicable but in any event within 35 days of the date
		of the decision of the Council or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme as the
		case may be.
	(f)	If after initial consideration of a Conviction Matter the Head of the
		Investigations Unit is of the opinion that no further investigations
		are necessary to enable the matter to be considered and that there
		is prima facie evidence of a breach of Bye-Law 23 and that the
		gravity of the breach (together with any finding of liability under a
		Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a
		statutory disciplinary scheme and any entry on Respondent's
		record) may warrant a more severe penalty than the
		Truestingtions Committee is surround to improve the logal of
		Investigations Committee is empowered to impose the Head of
	(f)	If after initial consideration of a Conviction Matter the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that no further investigations are necessary to enable the matter to be considered and that there is prima facie evidence of a breach of Bye-Law 23 and that the gravity of the breach (together with any finding of liability under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a statutory disciplinary scheme and any entry on Respondent's record) may warrant a more severe penalty than the

	in whole or in part, for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee.
(g)	If after initial consideration of a conviction matter the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that no further investigations are necessary to enable the matter to be considered and that the gravity of the breach (together with any finding of liability under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a statutory disciplinary scheme and any entry on Respondent's record) does not warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose the Head of the Investigations Unit shall refer the matter to the Investigations Committee for determination under Regulation 4.6(d).

	(h)	If after initial consideration of a matter in relation to which the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that the matter may not properly form the basis of proceedings, the Head of the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that a referral under Regulation 4.2(d) is not appropriate but considers that there is or may be a basis for proceedings under Bye-Law 23 and it is appropriate to commence proceedings the Chair shall refer the matter in whole or in part to the Investigations Unit for formal investigation.
4.3	Notifyin	g the Respondent
	(a)	The Head of the Investigations Unit shall notify the Respondent, a Complainant, the Chair of the Regulatory Panel and any individual or body who in the opinion of the Head of the Investigations Unit is an Interested Person of his or her determination as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 days of the date of his or her determination. The Chair of the Investigations Committee shall provide the Respondent and the Complainant with reasons for his or her determination. Where applicable a Complainant shall be informed of his or her right to request a review by the Reviewer of Complaints.

4.4	Formal investigation			
	(a)	a) Where the Head of the Investigation Unit determines tha		
		inves	tigation of a matter is to take place, the Investigations Unit	
		shall:		
		(i)	as soon as practicable, give notice to the Respondent and	
			any individual or body who in the opinion of the	
			Investigations Committee or Investigations Unit is an	
			Interested Person that an investigation has begun under	
			Bye-Law 23, and provide the Respondent with a brief	
			description of the matters which appear to fall within the	
			provisions of Bye-Law 23;	

ii)	as soon as practicable, carry out such investigations into the
	facts and circumstances including (but without prejudice to
	the generality of the foregoing) correspondence or
	discussion with the Respondent, and any other persons or
	bodies who may, in the opinion of the Investigations Unit, be
	able to assist the Investigations Unit's investigations;
iii)	refer the matter to the Head of the Investigations Unit, if at
	any time during the course of its investigations, it is of the
	opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is
	appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary
	Scheme. The Investigations Unit shall consider any such
	referral in accordance with Regulation 4.6(b);
iv)	if on conclusion of the investigations the Investigations Unit
	believes there is no prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-
	Law 23 it shall refer the matter to the Investigations
	Committee accordingly. The Investigations Committee
	shall consider any such referral in accordance with
i	ii)

			Regulation 4.6(c);
		(v)	if on conclusion of the investigations the Investigations Unit is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 it shall proceed in accordance with Regulation 4.4(b)
	(b)		s Regulation 4.4(b) applies the Investigations Unit shall ed as follows:

	(i)	the Investigations Unit shall notify the Respondent of the
		particulars of the breach(es) of Bye-Law 23 that may be
		placed before the Investigations Committee and such facts
		or circumstances as shall then be within the knowledge or
		belief of the Investigations Unit and as the Investigations
		Unit thinks appropriate so as fairly to inform the
		Respondent of the substance of the issue or issues raised,
		and invite the Respondent to reply within 21 days (or such
		longer period as the Investigations Unit may determine) of
		the date of the Institute giving such notice.
	(ii)	upon receiving the Respondent's reply or upon expiry of
		the 21 days from the date of the Respondent being given
		notice of the particulars of breach (or such longer period as
		the Investigations Unit may determine), the Investigations
		Unit shall reconsider the matter and if it sees fit may
		discontinue, alter, amend or add to the particulars of the
		breach of Bye-Law 23 which are to be placed before the
		Investigations Committee.
		-
	(iii)	if the Investigations Unit alters, amends or adds to such
		particulars, the altered, amended and additional particulars
		shall be notified to the Respondent in accordance with
		Regulation 4.4(b)(i);
	(iv)	if the Investigations Unit does not wish to alter, amend or
		add to such particulars the Investigations Unit shall refer
		the matter and all relevant evidence in its possession

			including any submissions from the Respondent to the Investigations Committee.
4.5	Proceed	ings of	the Investigations Committee

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	(a)	The Investigations Committee shall conduct its business at private
		meetings and/or through the use of voice, video or electronic mail
		communication or any other form of communication provided that
		every member of the Investigations Committee participating in
		the determination is able to receive, understand and respond to
		all comments views and opinions expressed by other participating
		members and the Legal Assessor (if the Legal Assessor's advice
		has been requested) before any determination or decision
		composing part of a determination is reached.
	(b)	If the Investigations Committee conducts its husiness other than
	(b)	If the Investigations Committee conducts its business other than
		at private meetings, and at any time before the determination is
		reached any participating member of the Investigations
		Committee is not satisfied that the form of communication
		complies with Regulation 4.5(a), that member may require the
		Investigations Committee to hold a meeting prior to any
		determination being made.
	(C)	If the Investigations Committee conducts its business other than
		at private meetings it shall put in place such additional
		confidentiality and security arrangements as it considers
		necessary to preserve the confidentiality of proceedings.
4.6	Determi	nations
	(a)	The Investigations Committee shall consider any matter referred
		to it by the Head of the Investigations Unit or the Chair of the
		Investigations Committee and may refer the matter back to the
		Investigations Unit for specified further investigations.
	(b)	If the Investigations Unit refers a matter to the Investigations
		Committee under Regulation 4.4(a)(iv) (where particulars of
		breach have not been put to the Respondent) the Investigations
		Committee shall:

	(i)	if the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Investigations Committee shall stay proceedings under Bye-Law 23 and pass the matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme; or
	(ii)	request that the Investigations Unit formulate and notify the Respondent of particulars of breach in accordance with Regulation 4.4(b); or
	(iii)	dismiss the case against the Respondent and notify the Respondent, a Complainant and all parties previously notified of the investigation.
(c)	Inves Inves Comr breac Comr	e Head of the Investigations Unit refers a matter to the stigations Committee under Regulation 4.2(g) or if the stigations Unit refers a matter to the Investigations mittee under Regulation 4.4(b)(iv) (where particulars of th have been put to the Respondent) the Investigations mittee shall consider the matter and reach one of the wing determinations:
	(i)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that, having regard to all the circumstances, it is appropriate that the matter is referred to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Investigations Committee shall stay proceedings under Bye-Law 23 and pass the matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme;
	(ii)	Where the Respondent is a former Member or former Student if the Investigations Committee considers that the length of time since the Respondent ceased to be a Member or Student is such that it would not be appropriate in all the circumstances to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Investigations Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent;

	(iii)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 but it is of the opinion that there is no realistic prospect of the matter being found proven and/or in the Committee's opinion it is not in the public interest to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Investigations Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent;
	(iv)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 and that Regulation 4.6(c)(iii) does not apply and the gravity of the breach may warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose, and in addition the Investigations Committee considers that a referral under Regulation 4.6(c)(i) is not appropriate, the Investigations Committee shall refer the matter in whole or in part for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee;
	(v)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 and that Regulation 4.6(c)(iii) does not apply and the gravity of the breach does not warrant a more severe penalty than the Investigations Committee is empowered to impose, and in addition the Investigations Committee considers that a referral under Regulation 4.6(c)(i) is not appropriate, the Investigations Committee may impose one or more sanctions;
	(vi)	Where the Investigations Committee is of the opinion that there is no or no prima facie evidence of breach of Bye-Law 23 the Investigations Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent.
(d)		nvestigations Committee may impose the following sanctions Respondent so consents:
	(i)	Entry on Record;

	(ii)	Reprimand;
	(iii)	Severe reprimand;
	(iv)	Caution;
	(v)	Exclusion from membership (which order may include a recommendation that no application for readmission to membership be entertained before the end of a specified period;
	(vi)	Suspension of membership for a specified period;
	(vii)	Provided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force, withdrawal of any Practicing Certificate held by the Respondent either indefinitely or for a specified period.
	(viii)	That the member pay a financial penalty of a specified sum (part or all of which may be suspended for a specified period);
	(ix)	that the member undertake specified training;
	(x)	that the member take such steps as may be specified (other than the payment of compensation) for the purpose of resolving the issues which gave rise to the disciplinary proceedings;
(e)	meml of wh	nvestigations Committee may impose a requirement that the ber pay a specified amount in respect of costs and expenses atsoever nature incurred by or on behalf of the Institute in tigating and bringing disciplinary proceedings.
(f)	impos	nsidering the gravity of a breach and/or what sanction to se upon the Respondent the Investigations Committee shall regard to any previous breaches of Bye-Law 23 and any

	finding of liability under a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under a statutory disciplinary scheme.
(g)	In considering the gravity of a breach and/or what sanction to impose upon the Respondent, the Investigations Committee shall have regard to the facts, admissions and decisions relating to any current Entry on Record against the Respondent and may impose any sanction in respect of that matter or that matter combined with any later matter in relation to which the Investigations Committee is passing sanction which is appropriate in all the circumstances.
(h)	If the Respondent does not provide his or her written consent to any order for imposition by the Investigations Committee of a Reprimand or Entry on Record within 21 days of the Institute giving the Respondent notice of the order the matter or the part of the matter the subject of the order shall automatically be referred for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee.
(i)	Where the Investigations Committee passes a matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme under Regulation 4.6(b)(i) and either the Council decides not to make such a referral or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme declines to consider the matter it shall pass immediately to the Investigations Unit and the Investigations Unit will continue its investigations.
(j)	Where the Investigations Committee passes a matter to the Council to consider a referral to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme under Regulations 4.6(b)(i) or 4.6(c)(i) and either the Council decides not to make such a referral or a Joint Disciplinary Scheme declines to consider the matter the Investigations Committee shall reconsider the matter and make an alternative determination as soon as reasonably practicable but in any event within 35 days of the date of the decision of the Council or the Joint Disciplinary Scheme as the case may be.
(k)	The Investigations Committee may make a Compensatory Award to a Complainant to compensate him or her in whole or in part for the reasonable costs of bringing an issue to the Institute's

			atton	tion, regardless of whether or not the Investigations
				nittee decides to refer the issue to the Council or to a
			Discip	olinary Committee for further consideration.
			-	
		(I)		nsidering whether to make a Compensatory Award and the
			amou	int of any such Compensatory Award the Investigations
			Comr	nittee shall take into account:
			(i)	the public interest in the issue brought to the Institute's
				attention;
			(ii)	the conduct of the Complainant;
			(iii)	any costs, losses or detriment necessarily incurred or
				suffered by the Complainant in bringing the issue to the
				Institute's attention; and
			(iv)	the gravity of the issue complained of.
		(m)	The I	nvestigations Committee shall notify or shall instruct the
		()		tigations Unit to notify the Respondent, a Complainant, the
				of the Regulatory Panel and any individual or body who in
				opinion of the Investigations Committee is an Interested
				n of its determination (including whether it has made any
				pensatory Award and if so the extent of that Compensatory
				d) as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 days of
			the d	ate of its determination. The Investigations Committee shall
			provi	de the Respondent and Complainant with reasons for its
			deter	mination. Where applicable a Complainant shall be informed
			of his	s, her or its right to request a review by the Reviewer of
			Comp	plaints.
		(n)	The I	nstitute shall publish a determination of the Investigations
			Comr	nittee to impose an agreed Reprimand under Regulation
			4.6(d)(v) in each case as it may consider appropriate.
	4.7	Right of	Reviev	v
		(a)	A Co	mplainant may request that the Reviewer of Complaints

			review a determination of the Head of the Investigations Unit to close or dismiss a case or to take no further action under Regulation 4.2(a), 4.2(b) or 4(2)(c), or of the Investigations Committee to dismiss a case under Regulation 4.6(c)(ii), 4.6(c)(iii) or 4.6(c)(vi) or a decision of the Chair of the Investigations Committee to dismiss a case under Regulation 3.1(b)(iv).
		(b)	A request for a review by a Complainant must be lodged with the Institute within 28 days of the Institute giving notice to the Complainant of the Investigations Committee's determination. The request must be in writing and state the facts or matters relied on in support of the review.
		(c)	There shall be no review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent relating to the exercise or non-exercise of the Investigations Committee's discretion to make a Compensatory Award. A decision of the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee to refer a matter for consideration by a Disciplinary Committee shall not be subject to review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent. A decision of the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee to refer or not to refer a matter to Council shall not be subject to review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent. A decision of the Council to refer or not to refer a matter to a Joint Disciplinary Scheme shall not be subject to review or appeal by either a Complainant or the Respondent.
	4.8	Monitori	ng and oversight
	ETTNE	(a)	The Head of the Investigations Unit shall maintain a record of decisions to close matters in accordance with Regulation 4.2(a), and the Investigations Committee shall undertake a periodic review of a sample of those decisions.
4A	FITNES	SS TO PR	ACTISE
		Conside	ring the fitness to practise of a Respondent, that the fitness to to an investigation and/or to participate in proceedings,

		is seriously impaired through their physical or mental health, the
		Investigation and/or Disciplinary Committee
		shall, unless it considers in the circumstances that it is inappropriate to do
		so, make one or more of the following orders:
		(a) that any investigation and/or disciplinary proceedings and/or
		regulatory proceedings continue to be suspended concurrent with
		any period of suspension of the Respondent's membership that
		has been ordered; and
		(b)
		(b) such ancillary orders as the Investigation and/or Disciplinary
		Committee thinks fit including, without limitation, that the
		Respondent appoint an alternate contact for the period of
		suspension and notify the Head of the Investigations Unit, their
		identity and contact details of the alternate contact.
	4A.2	If the Investigation and/or Disciplinary Committee finds, after
		considering a fitness to practise of a Respondent, that the fitness to
		respond to an investigation and/or to participate in proceedings is not
		seriously impaired through their physical or mental health, the
		Investigation and/or Disciplinary Committee shall direct that any
		investigation and/or disciplinary proceedings which were suspended
		pending any decision on the Respondent's fitness for practise shall be
		re-started.
	4A.3	It shall be the duty of the Respondent whose fitness to practise application
		is under consideration by the Investigation and/or Disciplinary Committee
		to cooperate with the Investigation and/or Disciplinary Committee during
		the period which their fitness to practice is under consideration.
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5	THE J SCHEN	
	Uncha	nged
	5.1	If the Institute receives notice in writing from a Joint Disciplinary Scheme
		which states that:
		(a) (a) a referral of a matter by Council is accepted by the Joint

	Disciplinary Scheme; or
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	1	(b) a matter currently being dealt with under these Regulations shall
		be dealt with under the Joint Disciplinary Scheme
		then with immediate effect the Joint Disciplinary Scheme shall become
		responsible for the investigation of the matters referred to or assumed by
		it, and any investigation or action in relation to those matters under these
		Regulations shall be stayed.
	5.2	Where there are further matters relating to a Respondent which are not
		referred to or assumed by the Joint Disciplinary Scheme, the Investigations
		Committee may at its discretion stay any further investigation or action in
		respect of those matters pending any determination, recommendation or
		sanction imposed by the Joint Disciplinary Scheme in respect of those
		matters referred to it.
	5.3	If a Joint Disciplinary Scheme determines at any time that a matter
		referred to or assumed by it is on further investigation not in fact within
		its terms of reference, and discontinues its investigation or action for that
		reason alone, then the matter shall again be referred to the Investigations
		Committee which may terminate the stay of action imposed above and
		recommence investigation or actions under these Regulations from the
		point at which they were stayed, or may make any other determinations
		in accordance with these Regulations which it considers necessary.
	5.4	In any other case, any final determination, recommendation or sanction
		(whether or not more severe than the sanctions available under these
		Regulations) made or imposed by a Joint Disciplinary Scheme or a
		statutory disciplinary scheme shall be recorded by the Institute and given
		effect to as if made or imposed under these Regulations, save that the
		collection and/or recovery of fines and costs shall be a matter to be dealt
		with by agreement between the Institute and the Joint Disciplinary Scheme
		or the statutory disciplinary scheme.
	5.5	A statutory disciplinary scheme may undertake its own investigation into
		a case relating to a Member or Student. In such circumstances, any
		investigation under these Regulations into the same matter shall be
		suspended pending that statutory disciplinary scheme's investigation.
6		WER OF COMPLAINTS
-	6.1	The terms of reference of a Reviewer of Complaints shall be to consider at
		the request of a Complainant those matters referred to him or her under
		Regulation 4.7.

6.2	The Reviewer of Complaints shall notify the Respondent of the grounds upon which a Complainant has sought a review of the Chair of the Investigations Committee's or the Investigations Committee's decision and allow the Respondent 21 days from the Reviewer giving notice to the Respondent of such grounds (or such longer period as the Reviewer of Complaints may determine) to comment upon the matters raised by a Complainant.
6.3	If, having considered the evidence before the Head of the Investigations Unit, the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee and submissions by a Complainant and the Respondent, the Reviewer of Complaints considers that the determination reached or the procedure followed by the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee may be flawed or incorrect as a result of either a failure to follow due process; a failure to follow a line of inquiry or to consider evidence in the course of the investigation or a failure to present evidence to the relevant decision-maker, the Reviewer of Complaints shall remit the matter to the Investigations Committee with a recommendation that the whole or part of the matter be reconsidered by a newly constituted Investigations Committee.
6.4	The Reviewer of Complaints shall notify the Respondent, a Complainant, the Head of the Investigations Unit, the Chair of the Investigations Committee or the Investigations Committee (as appropriate) and any individual or body who in the opinion of the Reviewer of Complaints is an Interested Person of his or her determination to remit a matter to the Investigations Committee or not to so remit a matter, as the case may be, as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 days of the date of his or her determination. The Reviewer of Complaints shall provide the Respondent and Complainant with reasons for his or her determination.
6.5	If the Reviewer of Complaints remits a matter to the Investigations Committee under Regulation 6.3 with a recommendation that the whole or part of it be reconsidered, the matter or that part of it shall be treated by the Investigations Committee as if it had been newly laid before it under Regulation 4.6(c) or 4.6(d) except that the Investigations Committee shall have regard both to the information and any representations previously available to it in relation to the matter and to any information or

-	is received by it from the Reviewer of Complaints, including om the Respondent and a Complainant.
addition to the of its final dete days of the da shall provide th	tions Committee shall notify the Reviewer of Complaints in ose persons and bodies mentioned under Regulation 4.6(m) ermination as soon as practicable and in any event within 21 ate of its final determination. The Investigations Committee the Reviewer of Complaints, together with each of the parties gulation 4.6(m), with reasons for its final determination.
Reviewer of Co matter in acco	ter is remitted to the Investigations Committee by the omplaints and the Investigations Committee reconsiders the ordance with Regulation 6.5, a Complainant shall have no f review or appeal in relation to the final determination of the Committee.
CIPLINARY COM	MITTEE
those matters Investigations	reference of a Disciplinary Committee shall be to consider referred to a Disciplinary Committee by the Chair of the Committee pursuant to Regulation 4.2(d) and by the Committee pursuant to Regulations 4.6(c)(iv) and 4.6(h).
Referrals unde	r Regulations 4.2(d), 4.6(c)(iv) and 4.6(h).
4.6(h matte	regard to referrals under Regulations 4.2(d), 4.6(c)(iv) and a Disciplinary Committee hearing shall be held at which the er will be considered afresh and in accordance with lations 10 and 11.
Disci	onclusion of the hearing and any further deliberations a plinary Committee may reach one of the following minations:
(i)	Where the Respondent is a former Member or former Student if the Disciplinary Committee considers that the length of time since the Respondent ceased to be a Member or Student is such that it would not be appropriate in all
	Submissions fr The Investigat addition to the of its final dete days of the da shall provide th detailed at Reg Where a mat Reviewer of Co matter in acco further right of Investigations

		the circumstances to continue with disciplinary proceedings the Disciplinary Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent.
	(ii)	Where the Disciplinary Committee is of the opinion that there is sufficient evidence that facts or circumstances have occurred or arisen which constitute a breach of Bye- Law 23 the Disciplinary Committee may impose one or more sanctions and may make a Cost Order against the Respondent.
	(iii)	Where the Disciplinary Committee is of the opinion that there is no or insufficient evidence that facts or circumstances have occurred or arisen which constitute a breach of Bye-Law 23 or such facts or circumstances which it is alleged have occurred do not amount to a breach of Bye-Law 23 the Disciplinary Committee shall dismiss the case against the Respondent and may make a Cost Order against the Institute.
(c)	and i	ciplinary Committee may impose the sanctions listed below n addition or as an alternative the sanctions listed in ation 7.2(d) below:
	(i)	Entry on Record; or
	(ii)	Reprimand; or
	(iii)	Severe Reprimand; or
	(iv)	Suspension of membership for a specified period ; or
	(v)	Expulsion.
(d)		alternative or in addition to any of the above sanctions one re of the following sanctions:
	(i)	Provided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force,

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				withdrawal of any Practising Certificate held by the
				Respondent either indefinitely or for a specified period.
			(ii)	A fine up to £10,000 or such maximum as the Council may
				from time to time determine.
			(iii)	A Disciplinary Committee may make a Compensatory
				Award or Compensatory Awards to a Complainant and/or
				third party in respect of fees paid by such party or parties
				to the Respondent. If a Disciplinary Committee makes such
				a Compensatory Award then it shall make a
				Reimbursement Order against the Respondent for the same
				amount, so that the Institute shall be fully reimbursed.
			(iv)	If the Investigations Committee has made a Compensatory
				Award to a Complainant a Disciplinary Committee may if it
				considers it appropriate make a Reimbursement Order
				against the Respondent for the same amount or such lesser
				amount as it considers appropriate.
		()	-	
		(e)		nsidering whether to impose a fine and the amount of any
		(e)		nsidering whether to impose a fine and the amount of any Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
		(e)		
		(e)		
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23;
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred;
		(e)	fine a	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent; and
		(e)	fine a (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Disciplinary Committee shall take into account: The nature and seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The nature and seriousness of the consequences of the breach of Bye-Law 23; The value of the work undertaken by the Respondent in connection with which the breach of Bye-Law 23 occurred; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent; and Any evidence before the Disciplinary Committee or

		whether and the extent to which any person is financially dependent upon the Respondent.
(6)	T	
(f)		nsidering whether to make a Compensatory Award under
	Regul	ation 7.2(d)(iii) and the level of any such Compensatory
	Award	a Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
	(i)	The fact that under Regulation 7.2(d)(iii) if a Disciplinary
		Committee makes such a Compensatory Award it must
		then make a Reimbursement Order against the Respondent
		for the same amount;
	(ii)	Any evidence before the Disciplinary Committee or
	(11)	
		submissions made to the Disciplinary Committee regarding
		the financial circumstances of the Respondent including
		whether and the extent to which any person is financially
		dependent upon the Respondent;
	(iii)	Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the
	()	value of any Cost Order to be made against the
		Respondent;
	(iv)	The extent to which the Respondent may have profited
		from his or her misconduct;
	(v)	The extent to which the Respondent's misconduct has
	(*)	
		caused loss to a Complainant and/or third party; and
	(vi)	The extent to which a Complainant and/or third party may
		have benefited or otherwise received value from the
		Respondent's services notwithstanding the Respondent's
		misconduct.
(g)	In co	nsidering whether to make a Reimbursement Order under
	Regul	ation 7.2(d)(iv) and the level of any such Reimbursement
	Order	a Disciplinary Committee shall take into account:
	(i)	Any evidence before the Disciplinary Committee or

(ii)	submissions made to the Disciplinary Committee regarding the financial circumstances of the Respondent including whether and the extent to which any person is financially dependent upon the Respondent; Any other sanction imposed upon the Respondent and the
	value of any Cost Order to be made against the Respondent;
(iii)) The nature of the relationship between a Complainant and the Respondent; and
(iv)	respect of the complaint.
Dis inc une	considering what sanction to impose upon the Respondent a sciplinary Committee shall have regard to all the circumstances, luding any breaches of Bye-Law 23 and any finding of liability der a Joint Disciplinary Scheme and any finding of liability under tatutory disciplinary scheme.
Dis and Res tha the	considering what sanction to impose upon the Respondent, a sciplinary Committee shall have regard to the facts, admissions d decisions relating to any current Entry on Record against the spondent and impose any sanction in respect of that matter or at matter combined with any later matter in relation to which e Disciplinary Committee is passing sanction which is propriate in all the circumstances.
Inv rec ind Co pra Co rec	Disciplinary Committee shall notify or shall instruct the vestigations Unit to notify the Respondent, a Complainant, any sipient of a Compensatory Award that it has made and any ividual or body who in the opinion of the Disciplinary mmittee is an Interested Person of its determination as soon as acticable and in any event within 21 days. The Disciplinary mmittee shall provide the Respondent, a Complainant and any sipient of a Compensatory Award that it has made with reasons its determination and the Respondent shall be informed of his

			or her right to appeal to and/or request a review by an Appeal
			or her right to appeal to and/or request a review by an Appeal
			Committee.
		(k)	The Institute shall publish the determination of a Disciplinary
			Committee in each case as it may consider appropriate.
		(I)	The Respondent may appeal against a determination of a
		(1)	
			Disciplinary Committee pursuant to a referral under Regulations
			4.2(d), 4.6(c)(iv) or 4.6(h) to an Appeal Committee upon one or
			more of the grounds set out in Regulation 8.2(a). For the
			avoidance of doubt and without prejudice to Regulation 7.2(m) an
			appeal shall not be permitted against any Cost Order of a
			Disciplinary Committee.
		(m)	A party against whom a Disciplinary Committee makes a Cost
		(m)	
			Order may request a review on legal grounds of that Cost Order
			on the ground only that the Cost Order was unlawful.
		(n)	An appeal or request for review by the Respondent or the Institute
			must be lodged with the Institute within 21 days of the Institute
			giving notice to the Respondent of the Disciplinary Committee's
			determination. The notice of appeal or request for review must be
			in writing and state the facts or matters relied on in support of the
			appeal or the review. In the case of a review of any Cost Order
			the request for review must state the legal grounds on which the
			Cost Order is said to be unlawful.
7A	SETTL	EMENT O	RDERS
	7A.1	At any t	ime following the referral of one or more formal allegations to the
		-	ations Committee or the Disciplinary Committee, but prior to the
		-	
			a hearing, the Respondent and the Head of the Investigations Unit
		•	purposes of this Regulation, hereafter referred to as the "parties")
		may app	ply to the relevant committee for the approval of a draft settlement
		order to	o conclude the disciplinary proceedings against the member by
		agreem	ent. Any settlement order application shall be served on the Head
		of the Ir	nvestigations Unit.
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	74.2	llnon re	ceint of a settlement order application, the Head of the
	7A.2	-	ceipt of a settlement order application, the Head of the Jations Unit

	shall requ Chair.	est the chair of the relevant committee to appoint a Settlement
7A.3	As soon a with	s reasonably practicable, the Settlement Chair shall be provided
	(a)	the report outlining the allegations
	(b)	the proposed settlement agreement;
	(c)	the draft settlement order;
	(d)	any written representations; and
	(e)	any disciplinary record of the member.
7A.4	The Settl	ement Chair shall determine whether to make the proposed
	settlemer	nt order on the papers.
7A.5	In determ	nining whether the proposed settlement agreement is in the public
	interest a	nd whether the draft settlement order should be approved, the
	Settlemer	nt Chair shall consider, amongst other matters:
	(a)	the formal allegation or formal allegations which have been
		admitted by the member, firm, affiliate or relevant person and
		any which have not been admitted;
	(b)	the likely outcome and sanction(s) which would be imposed;
	(c)	the degree to which the Respondent has displayed insight into
		the conduct giving rise to the formal allegation(s); and
	(d)	any remedial action taken by the Respondent
7A.6	Where th	e settlement order is approved, the Head of the Investigations
	Unit notifi	es:
	(a)	the parties to the settlement order; and
	(b)	any other member who is the subject of any formal allegation(s) arising from the same events as the formal allegations which are the subject of the settlement order

	7A.7 7A.8	Settlement shall be pro as practicat The parties to the start	may make further settlement order applications at any time prior of a final hearing.
	7A.9	Responden order, and a proposed	Int of any settlement discussions between the Institute and the t, any proposed settlement agreement or any draft settlement the summary of reasons given by a Settlement Chair for refusing settlement order, shall be confidential and, for the avoidance of I not be admissible in:
		(a)	any subsequent disciplinary proceedings against the Respondent; or
		(b)	any disciplinary proceedings concerning allegation(s) or formal allegation(s) against any other member which arise from the same event(s) as the formal allegations which were the subject of the proposed settlement order.
	7A.10	proposed se	nt Chair shall have no further involvement in the matter if a ettlement order is refused and the formal allegation(s) proceed to hearing or a final hearing.
8	APPEA	L COMMITT	EE
	8.1	The terms of	of reference of an Appeal Committee shall be
		Reg Disc exte the asso and the agai	onsider any appeal made in accordance with the provisions of these ulations by a Respondent, against either or both the decision of a ciplinary Committee or as to the nature and ent of the sanction imposed (including for the avoidance of doubt making of any Compensatory Award in relation to fees and the ociated Reimbursement Order made under Regulation 7.2(d)(iii) any Reimbursement Order made under Regulation 7.2(d)(iv)) by Disciplinary Committee in any case brought inst the Respondent under Bye-Law 23;
		(ii) to re	eview on legal grounds any Cost Order made by a Disciplinary

		Comr	nittee upon the application of the party against whom the
			Order was made.
 8.2			
 0.2	Appeals		
	(a)		grounds upon which an appeal may be made are that:
		(i)	The determination of a Disciplinary Committee was wrong
			in that the Committee gave insufficient weight to or drew
			incorrect conclusions from any material before it (including
			the Institute's Charter, Bye-Laws and Regulations) which
			was or should have been material to its determination; or
		(ii)	The determination is flawed because of a serious procedural
			or other irregularity in the proceedings before the
			Disciplinary Committee; or
		(iii)	The Respondent has acquired new evidence which could not
			have been submitted to the Disciplinary Committee and if
			submitted to the Disciplinary Committee would have been
			likely to have influenced its decision; or
		(iv)	The sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee was
			excessive in the light of the Disciplinary Committee's
			determination or the Respondent's circumstances.
	(b)		In the case of an appeal under Regulation 8.2(a)(i) above:
		(i)	the Respondent shall set out in his or her notice of appeal
			the basis on which he or she contends that the decision of
			the Disciplinary Committee in relation to any charge against
			him or her was wrong and shall indicate what evidence or
			arguments he or she wishes to rely upon before an Appeal
			Committee;
		(ii)	an Appeal Committee shall re-open any issue of fact or law
			decided by the Disciplinary Committee and re-examine or
			re- hear any evidence that was before the Disciplinary
			Committee if it considers that this is necessary to enable it
			to determine the appeal.
	(c)		In the case of an appeal under Regulation 8.2(a)(iii)
			above:
		(i)	the Respondent shall set out in his or her notice of appeal
			the nature of the new evidence on which he or she relies
			and shall explain why it was not available at the time of the
			hearing by the Disciplinary Committee;

	(ii)	an Appeal Committee shall receive the evidence (including
		witnesses) which is the ground for the appeal if it considers

		that this is passage with a sample it to determine the same
 		that this is necessary to enable it to determine the appeal;
		(iii) if the Appeal Committee is persuaded that the new
		evidence would have been likely to affect the decision of
		the Disciplinary Committee it shall refer the Respondent's
		case for a further hearing before a freshly constituted
		Disciplinary Committee, which shall exclude any member of
		the previous Disciplinary Committee which previously
		considered the same matter.
	(d)	Except as set out in Regulations 8.2(c)(i) and 8.2(c)(ii) above, or
		unless it otherwise orders, an Appeal Committee shall not receive
		evidence (including witness evidence) which was not before the
		Disciplinary Committee which previously considered the same
		matter.
	(e)	On conclusion of the hearing and any further deliberations an
		Appeal Committee may confirm, rescind or vary either or both the
		determination of the Disciplinary Committee or the nature or
		extent of the sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee.
	(f)	An Appeal Committee may impose any of the sanctions that could
		be imposed by a Disciplinary Committee under Regulation 7.2(c)
		and Regulation 7.2(d) and shall have regard to the considerations
		set out in Regulations 7.2(e), 7.2(f), 7.2(g) and 7.2(h) as
		appropriate and any matter re-opened in accordance with
		Regulation 7.2(i). An Appeal Committee may vary or rescind any
		Cost Order made by the Disciplinary Committee and may itself
		make a Cost Order in relation to costs incurred up to and including
		the Disciplinary Committee's determination or costs incurred in
		relation to the appeal proceedings as it considers appropriate
		having regard to the extent to which the determination of and
		sanction imposed by the Disciplinary Committee is confirmed,
		varied or rescinded. For the avoidance of doubt an Appeal
		Committee may nevertheless make a Cost Order regarding costs
		incurred in relation to the appeal proceedings even where an
		appeal is withdrawn at any stage before an Appeal Committee
		reaches a final determination.
 83	Review	
8.3	Review	w5
	In the case of a review under Regulation 7.2(m) above an Appeal	
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	Committee shall consider the Cost Order made by the Disciplinary	
	Committee and if it considers that the Cost Order is unlawful, whether for	

		a read	son given in the request for review or any other reason, the Appeal	
			nittee may re-open the issue of costs and vary (in the Respondent's	
			e Institute's favour) or rescind the Cost Order of the Disciplinary	
		Committee and/or may make a Cost Order against the Respondent or the		
		Institute in relation to either or both costs incurred up to and including		
			isciplinary Committee's determination or costs incurred in relation	
			e appeal proceedings as it considers appropriate.	
	8.4	Appea	al Committee – Further Provisions	
		(a)	An Appeal Committee shall notify or shall instruct the	
			Investigations Unit to notify the Respondent, a Complainant and	
			any recipient of a Compensatory Award made by a Disciplinary	
			Committee that has been made, upheld, revoked or varied by that	
			Appeal Committee and any individual or body who in the opinion	
			of that Appeal Committee is an Interested Person of its	
			determination. An Appeal Committee shall also provide the	
			Respondent, a Complainant and any recipient of a Compensatory	
			Award made by a Disciplinary Committee that has been made,	
			upheld, revoked or varied by that Appeal Committee with the	
			reasons for the Appeal Committee's determination.	
		(b)	The Institute shall publish the outcome of the appeal and/or	
			review in each case as it may consider appropriate.	
		(c)	The decision of an Appeal Committee is final and not capable of	
			being further appealed.	
9	мемве	RS' DI	JTY TO CO-OPERATE WITH INVESTIGATIONS	
	9.1	Any №	lember or Student (including any Respondent) requested to do so	
		shall _l	provide his or her full and prompt co-operation to:	
		(a)	The Investigations Unit in connection with any preliminary	
			enquiries or investigations under these Disciplinary Regulations;	
		(b)	Any Committee in connection with any hearing under these	
			Disciplinary Regulations; and	
		(c)	Anyone carrying out an investigation under a Joint Disciplinary	
			Scheme or a statutory disciplinary scheme, and in particular but	
			without limit shall provide the relevant body with all information	
			and copies of all documents relevant to the investigation which	
			are in his or her control and upon the request of the relevant body	
			shall grant any consent or authorisation required to obtain such	
			documents from a third party.	

		Failure to as an events with an investigation shall exact the sharehold				
	9.2	Failure to co-operate with an investigation shall constitute a breach of				
		these Regulations and may render the relevant person liable to				
		disciplinary action.				
10	PROCEDURE PRIOR TO HEARINGS BY A DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE OR					
	AN APPEAL COMMITTEE					
	10.1	The procedures set out in this Regulation shall apply to all hearings				
		conducted by a Disciplinary Committee and an Appeal Committee.				
	10.2	The Committee shall give, or shall instruct the Investigations Unit to give,				
		written notice to the Respondent, a Complainant and any individual or				
		body who in the opinion of the Committee is an Interested Person of the				
		proposed date, time and place of the hearing. This notice shall be sent to				
		the Respondent by recorded delivery or other certified means to arrive				
		not less than forty-two days (or such longer period as the Committee				
		considers is necessary in the interests of fairness) prior to the date of the				
		hearing.				
	10.3	The notice of the hearing which is sent to the Respondent shall set out				
		the particulars of breach against the Respondent to be considered at the				
		hearing and shall be accompanied by copies of all the documents upon				
		which the Investigations Unit intends to rely at the hearing and in				
		hearings before a Disciplinary Committee or where so ordered by an				
		Appeal Committee shall be accompanied by the names of all the				
		witnesses which the Investigations Unit intends to call and any witness				
		statements taken from those witnesses or if such documents and details				
		of witnesses do not accompany the notice of hearing they shall be sent				
		by recorded delivery or other certified means to the Respondent by the				
		Investigations Unit to arrive not less than forty-two days (or such longer				
		period as the Committee considers is necessary in the interests of				
		fairness) prior to the date of the hearing.				
	10.4	The Respondent shall at least twenty-one days before the date of the				
		hearing provide the Committee with copies of all the documents or other				
		evidence upon which he or she intends to rely together with the name,				
		address and professional qualifications (if any) of any representative or				
		adviser who will be attending and the name, address and occupation of				
		any witnesses who will be attending on behalf of the Respondent.				
	10.5	The Respondent shall be invited to attend the hearing accompanied (if he				
		or she so wishes) by a representative or adviser of his or her choice or to				
		send a representative of his or her choice instead of attending in person.				
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10.6	or bo atter The appo	Committee may if it sees fit invite a complainant and any individual ody who in the opinion of the Committee is an Interested Person to and the hearing. Respondent may apply in writing to the Chair of the Committee binted to consider the matter for the date, time or place of the ing to be changed owing to any of the following circumstances: the Respondent is unable to attend; a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as his or			
10.7	atter The appo hear (a) (b)	nd the hearing. Respondent may apply in writing to the Chair of the Committee binted to consider the matter for the date, time or place of the ing to be changed owing to any of the following circumstances: the Respondent is unable to attend; a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
10.7	The appo hear (a) (b)	Respondent may apply in writing to the Chair of the Committee binted to consider the matter for the date, time or place of the ing to be changed owing to any of the following circumstances: the Respondent is unable to attend; a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
10.7	appo hear (a) (b)	binted to consider the matter for the date, time or place of the ing to be changed owing to any of the following circumstances: the Respondent is unable to attend; a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
	hear (a) (b)	ing to be changed owing to any of the following circumstances: the Respondent is unable to attend; a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
	(a) (b)	the Respondent is unable to attend; a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
	(b)	a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as a witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
		witness on his or her behalf is unable to attend; or			
	(c)				
	(c)	a person that the Respondent wishes to attend the hearing as his or			
		her representative or adviser is unable to attend,			
		and in each case the Respondent shall provide the reasons why the			
		relevant person is unable to attend and shall provide details of			
		practicable alternative arrangements. The Investigations Unit shall			
		be afforded a reasonable opportunity to respond to any request for			
		a change to the date, time or place of the hearing made under this			
		regulation.			
10.8	The Chair of the Committee appointed to consider the matter shall				
	cons	ider the application and any response made by the Investigations			
	Unit	and decide whether fairness requires that the date, time or place of			
	the hearing be rearranged and if so shall endeavor to make such				
	rearrangements. The Chair may (but does not have to) obtain the writte				
	advio	advice of a Legal Assessor. Such advice (if any) shall be provided to the			
	Resp	oondent and the Investigations Unit in advance of the Chair of the			
	Com	mittee's decision and the Respondent and the Investigations Unit			
	shall	be given a reasonable period to provide comments to the Chair of			
	the C	Committee on that advice. In making his or her decision the Chair of			
	the 0	Committee shall have regard to the Respondent's and the			
	Inve	stigation Unit's submissions, any advice obtained from a Legal			
	Asse	ssor, any comments received from the Respondent or the			
		stigations Unit on such advice, the reasons for the Respondent's			
	appli	ication, the amount of time left before the hearing, any delay in the			
		pondent's application and any other relevant factor. If the date, time			
	-	ace of the hearing is rearranged all attendees shall be notified in			
		ng and Regulation 10.7 shall apply again in relation to the new			
	hear				
10.9	The Respondent and the Investigations Unit may apply to the Chair of a				

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		Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee appointed to consider a				
		matter for directions in relation to the hearing of the matter provided				
		always that any such directions are in accordance with these Regulations.				
		The Respondent or the Investigations Unit (as appropriate) shall be				
		afforded a reasonable opportunity to respond to any such application.				
		The Chair of the Committee appointed to consider the matter shall decide				
		what directions, if any, shall be given and shall notify the Respondent and				
		the Investigations Unit in writing of the directions given. The Chair may				
		(but does not have to) obtain the written advice of a Legal Assessor.				
		Such advice (if any) shall be provided to the Respondent and the				
		Investigations Unit in advance of the Chair of the Committee's decision				
		and the Respondent and the Investigations Unit shall be given a				
		reasonable period to provide comments to the Chair of the Committee on				
		that advice.				
11	PROCE	DURE AT HEARINGS OF A DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE OR AN				
	APPEA	L COMMITTEE				
	11.1	A Disciplinary or Appeal Committee shall determine its own procedure in				
		accordance with these Regulations and the overriding requirements of				
		fairness.				
	11.2	A Disciplinary Committee may proceed in the absence of the Respondent				
		and of any representative acting on the Respondent's behalf if it is				
		satisfied that the Respondent has been provided with notice of the				
		hearing in accordance with Regulation 10.2.				
	11.3	At any stage in the proceedings a Disciplinary Committee may order that				
		amendments (including alterations and additions) may be made to				
		the particulars of the case against the Respondent provided that the				
		Respondent is not prejudiced in the conduct of his or her defense.				
	11.4	The hearing shall be open to the general public unless in the opinion of				
		the Committee fairness or the public interest requires otherwise. A				
		Committee may deny entry to the hearing to any person or expel any				
		person from the hearing if that person is disrupting or is likely to disrupt				
		the hearing or where fairness otherwise requires. Where a hearing is				
		open to the general public a Committee may exclude the general public				
		for any part of the hearing where this is appropriate and fairness allows				
		or requires.				
	11.5	The Presenting Officer shall be given a reasonable opportunity to present				
		the case against the Respondent or resist any appeal made by the				
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	Respondent.
11.6	In the case of a hearing before a Disciplinary Committee once the
	Presenting Officer has presented the case against the Respondent, the
	Respondent is entitled to make a submission that there is no case to
	answer. The Presenting Officer shall be entitled to reply to any such
	submission. The Committee shall consider any such submission and
	determine whether it should be upheld.
11.7	The Respondent shall be given a reasonable opportunity in person or
	through his or her representative to make submissions in his or her
	defence or in support of his or her appeal and to respond to any
	submissions made by the Investigations Unit.
11.8	In the case of a hearing before an Appeal Committee, if neither the
	Respondent nor a representative acting on behalf of the Respondent
	attends the hearing the Appeal Committee shall consider whether, in all
	the circumstances, fairness or the public interest requires that the
	hearing should be adjourned to a future date. If neither the Respondent
	nor a representative acting on behalf of the Respondent attends a
	reconvened hearing the Appeal Committee shall dismiss the appeal
	and/or refuse the application of the Respondent for a review of a Cost
	Order.
11.9	At hearings of a Disciplinary Committee and where so ordered by an
	Appeal Committee at hearings before an Appeal Committee both the
	Respondent and the Presenting Officer may call any witnesses in support
	of their submissions and cross-examine any witnesses called by the
	other. Either party may only call a witness not previously notified to the
	other party or the Committee in accordance with Regulation 10.3 or 10.4
	at the discretion of the Committee.
11.10	A Committee and, subject to the agreement of the Chair of that
	Committee, the Legal Assessor may put questions to any witnesses, the
	Respondent and/or the Presenting Officer.
11.11	It shall not invalidate any decision or other determination of a
	Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee if at any time (i) during
	the holding of a hearing or adjourned hearing of that Committee, any
	member of the Committee shall leave that hearing having taken part
	therein and (ii) upon an adjournment of a hearing, at the adjourned
	hearing any member of the Committee present at the initial meeting shall
	not be present; provided in both cases that the quorum for that

		Committee is maintained at all times. The retiring Disciplinary Committee		
		member or Appeal Committee member as the case may be shall not		
		discuss the case with any person outside of the hearing.		
12	2 EVIDENTIAL ISSUES			
	12.1	A Committee in reaching its determination on the facts of a case will		
		apply the civil standard of proof. This means that the Committee must be		
		satisfied on the balance of probabilities that a matter took place before		
		finding it proven.		
	12.2	At a hearing of a Disciplinary Committee the burden of proving any facts		
		in the particulars of breach that are not admitted by the Respondent		
		rests on the Investigations Unit.		
	12.3	A Committee may admit any relevant oral, documentary or other		
		evidence whether or not such evidence would be admissible in any civil		
		proceedings.		
	12.4	A Committee may exclude evidence in the interests of fairness and/or in		
		the interests of justice.		
	12.5	The production of a certified copy of the certificate of conviction (or, in		
		Scotland, an extract conviction) shall be conclusive proof of that		
		conviction and the findings of fact on which it was based. The only		
		evidence that a Respondent may call in rebuttal of such a certificate of		
		conviction or extract conviction is evidence called for the purpose of		
		proving that the Respondent is not the person referred to the certificate		
		of conviction or extract conviction.		
	12.6	The findings of any court of competent jurisdiction (within the UK or		
		elsewhere), any financial services regulator, accountancy regulatory		
		authority and any statutory, chartered or other professional body		
		exercising a regulatory function shall be prima facie evidence of the facts		
		so found.		
	12.7	A Committee may consider at one hearing more than one matter against		
		the same Respondent and/or matters concerning more than one		
		Respondent provided it is satisfied that it is just for it to do so.		
13	LEGAL	ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE		
	13.1	The Legal Assessor shall be present at all hearings of a Disciplinary		
		Committee or an Appeal Committee. The Legal Assessor shall also be		
		present at meetings of the Investigations Committee unless his or her		
		presence is not required by the Committee.		

	13.2	The Legal Assessor shall advise a Disciplinary Committee, and an Appeal Committee on such legal or procedural matters as he or she believes in his or her professional opinion the Committees should be advised upon or upon which the Committees ask him or her to advise.
	13.3	The advice of the Legal Assessor to a Disciplinary Committee and an Appeal Committee in relation to a particular disciplinary matter shall be delivered at the hearing in the presence of the parties in attendance at the hearing including for the avoidance of doubt the Respondent and/or his or her representative. If delivered in private the advice shall be faithfully and accurately relayed to the parties in attendance at the hearing including for the avoidance of doubt the Respondent and/or his or her representative. The parties in attendance, including the Respondent or his or her representative (if any) shall be entitled to comment upon such advice before any determination is made in relation to the matter upon which advice was sought.
	13.4	The Investigations Committee may request the advice of the Legal Assessor on any legal or procedural issue, in which case the Legal Assessor will advise on that issue and on such legal or procedural matters as he or she believes in his or her professional opinion the Investigations Committee should be advised upon. The Legal Assessor's advice (if any) shall be notified to the Respondent along with the decision of the Investigations Committee.
	13.5	A Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee may at its absolute discretion and in exceptional cases pay the reasonable costs of legal advice and/or representation for the Respondent if, having taken account of the complexity of the case against the Respondent and any evidence before a Disciplinary Committee or submissions made to a Disciplinary Committee regarding the financial circumstances of the Respondent including whether and the extent to which any person is financially dependent upon the Respondent, a Committee considers this is necessary in order to ensure that the Respondent is provided with a fair hearing.
	13.6	A Legal Assessor may be paid such remuneration by the Institute as the Institute may from time to time determine.
14	ΑΡΡΟΙΙ	NTMENT OF REVIEW OF COMPLAINTS
	14.1	The Council shall appoint a Reviewer of Complaints from amongst those persons eligible to be appointed as Independent Members for the

	T	r					
			ses of these Regulations generally and in particular in accordance				
		with Regulation 15.7. The Council may appoint one or more eligible					
		persons to hold the office of Reviewer of Complaints. No person shall be					
		a Reviewer of Complaints who is also a member of the Investigations					
		Committee or the Regulatory Panel.					
	14.2 Each Reviewer of Complaints shall be appointed for a term of at leas						
		three years and no more than five years and upon expiry of his or her					
		first term of office may be re-appointed for one further term of at least					
		three years and no more than five years.					
	14.3	The Co	ouncil may suspend or remove any Reviewer of Complaints upon				
		that pe	erson ceasing to be eligible for appointment as an Independent				
		Memb	er and upon a majority of the members of the Council taking part				
		in sucl	h determination voting for such suspension or removal.				
	14.4	A Revi	ewer of Complaints may be paid such remuneration by the				
		Institute as the Institute may from time to time determine.					
15	APPOI	NTMENT OF INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE AND REGULATORY					
	PANEL	МЕМВ	MEMBERS				
	15.1 The Council shall appoint all members of the Investigations Com		ouncil shall appoint all members of the Investigations Committee				
		including an Independent Member as Chair of the Investigations					
		Committee, from amongst those persons eligible to be members of this					
		committee.					
	15.2 The Council shall appoint a Regulatory Panel, including an Indep		ouncil shall appoint a Regulatory Panel, including an Independent				
		Memb	er as Chair of the Regulatory Panel, from amongst those persons				
		eligible	e to sit as members of the Regulatory Panel.				
	15.3	No per	rson shall be a member of the Investigations Committee and the				
		Regula	atory Panel at the same time.				
	15.4	Memb	ers of the Investigations Committee and the Regulatory Panel shall				
		be app	pointed for a term of at least three years and no more than five				
		years	and upon expiry of their first term of office may be re-appointed for				
		-	rther term of at least three years and no more than five years.				
	15.5	The Co	ouncil may suspend or remove any member of the Investigations				
			nittee or the Regulatory Panel:				
		(a)	upon receiving a recommendation for suspension or removal of				
			that member from three-quarters of the members of the				
			Investigations Committee or the Regulatory Panel upon which that				
			member serves and upon three-quarters of the members of the				
ļ			member serves and upon three quarters of the members of the				

		Council taking part in such determination voting for such suspension or removal; or
	(b)	upon that member ceasing to be eligible for appointment as an Independent Member or CIPFA Member (as the case may be) and upon a majority of the members of the Council taking part in such determination voting for such suspension or removal.
15.6	Invest serves partice A CIPF conclu	FA Member shall automatically be suspended from the tigations Committee or the Regulatory Panel upon which he or she is in the event that the Investigations Unit formulates and notifies ulars of breach to that person under Regulation 4.1(b)(i) or 4.4(b). FA Member who is suspended shall remain suspended until the usion of any disciplinary proceedings under these Regulations in on to him or her.
15.7	A pers Memb	son is eligible to be appointed and to continue as an Independent er if:
	(a)	neither they nor any of their immediate family, including his or her spouse or partner with whom he or she cohabits, is a Member or former Member, Student or former Student, employee or former employee of the Institute;
	(b)	He or she is not an accountant; and
	(c)	Neither he or she nor any company of which he or she is a director is party to any contract (save for any contract entered into in relation to his or her appointment as an Independent Member) with the Institute.
15.8	Memb upon I or unc schem preser antece statut discipl	son is eligible to be appointed as a CIPFA Member if he or she is a ber or Student and he or she has not had any sanction imposed him or her under these Regulations or any antecedent regulations der any joint disciplinary scheme or by a statutory disciplinary he within the last 10 years and disciplinary proceedings are not ntly underway against him or her under these Regulations or any edent regulations or under any joint disciplinary scheme or any ory disciplinary scheme. For the purposes of this Regulation linary proceedings under these Regulations shall only be deemed to derway if charges have been put under Regulation 4.1(b)(i) or b.
15.9	Indep	endent Members may be paid such remuneration by the Institute as

		the Institute may from time to time determine.			
16	СОМРС	DSITION OF THE INVESTIGATIONS COMMITTEE AND THE			
	REGUL	ATOR	ATORY PANEL		
	16.1 Composition of the Investigations Committee				
		(a)	The Investigations Committee shall consist of at least ten members		
			who shall not be members of the Regulatory Panel.		
		(b)	Save as detailed in Regulation 16.1(d), the Investigations		
			Committee shall act under a quorum of at least three members of		
			whom at least two shall be Independent Members. Independent		
			Members shall be in the majority regardless of the total number of		
			persons sitting.		
		(c)	The Chair of the Investigations Committee shall be an Independent		
			Member. In the absence of the Chair, meetings shall be chaired by		
			one of the Independent Members present.		
		(d)	The Chair of the Investigations Committee may delegate his or her		
			powers under these regulations to another Independent Member of		
			the Investigations Committee if this is necessary for the efficient		
			operation of the work of the Investigations Committee.		
		(e)	The Chair of the Investigations Committee shall be the quorum of		
			the Investigations Committee when the Committee Chair is acting		
			pursuant to Regulations 4.1 and 4.2. Otherwise the Chair of the		
			Investigations Committee shall appoint panels of the Investigations		
			Committee to consider and reach a determination on particular		
			disciplinary matters. If a panel is appointed in relation to a		
			particular disciplinary matter those members of the Investigations		
			Committee not appointed to such a panel shall play no part in the		
			investigation and determination of that disciplinary matter. These		
			Regulations (other than Regulations 15.5 and 16.1(a)) shall apply to		
			a panel as they apply to the Investigations Committee as a whole		
			save that references to the Investigations Committee and the Chair		
			of the Investigations Committee shall be read as references to the		
			panel and the chair of the panel.		
	16.2	Corr	position of the Regulatory Panel		
I		(a)	The Regulatory Panel shall consist of at least twenty five members		
			who shall not be members of the Investigations Committee.		
		(b)	The Chair of the Regulatory Panel shall be an Independent Member		

			2000	inted by Council. The Chair of the Regulatory Panel shall		
			appoint:			
				members of the Regulatory Panel to sit as members of a		
			(i)			
				Disciplinary Committee or an Appeal Committee to consider a		
				particular disciplinary matter, and		
			(ii)	from amongst those Committee members appointed in		
				accordance with 16.2(b)(i) above, a chair of the Disciplinary		
				Committee or Appeal Committee appointed to consider a		
				particular disciplinary matter.		
		(C)	No R	egulatory Panel member may sit as a member of a Disciplinary		
			Com	mittee and an Appeal Committee which considers the same, or		
			subs	tantially the same, disciplinary matter.		
		(d)	The	Chair of the Regulatory Panel may delegate his or her powers		
				r these regulations to another Independent Member of the		
				latory Panel if this is necessary for the efficient operation of the		
			work of the Regulatory Panel.			
(e) In the event that the Chair of the Regulatory Panel has						
			member, including as the chair, of a Committee which prev			
				idered or determined the same, or substantially the same,		
disciplinary matter that falls to be considered under						
			_	egulations the Regulatory Panel Chair shall delegate his or her		
			powe	er		
			(i)	to appoint members, including a chair, to a Disciplinary or an		
				Appeal Committee considering such a matter, and/or		
			(ii)	to consider the matter in his or her role as Chair of the		
				Regulatory Panel to another Independent Member of the		
				Regulatory Panel.		
	16.3	Com	npositi	on of a Disciplinary Committee		
		(a)	A Dis	sciplinary Committee shall act under a quorum of at least three		
				bers, including a Chair, of whom at least two shall be		
				pendent Members. Independent Members shall be in the		
				prity regardless of the total number of persons sitting.		
		(1-)				
		(b)		Chair of a Disciplinary Committee appointed to consider a		
				cular disciplinary matter shall be an Independent Member. In		
				absence of that Chair the meeting shall be chaired by another		
			Inde	pendent Member present.		
		(c)	A Dis	ciplinary Committee appointed to consider a particular matter		
	I	1	l			

			may delegate to the Chair of that Disciplinary Committee the power to determine any preliminary or procedural issue that arises prior to	
			a hearing including but not limited to the determination of the time	
			periods under Regulations 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4.	
		(d)	If a Disciplinary Committee is appointed in relation to a particular	
			disciplinary matter those members of the Regulatory Panel not	
			appointed to such a Committee shall play no part in the	
			consideration and determination of that disciplinary matter.	
	16.4	Com	nposition of an Appeal Committee	
		(a)	An Appeal Committee shall act under a quorum of at least three	
			members of whom at least two shall be Independent Members.	
			Independent Members shall be in the majority regardless of the	
			total number of persons sitting.	
		(b)	The Chair of an Appeal Committee sitting to consider a particular	
			disciplinary matter shall be an Independent Member. In the absence	
			of that Chair the meeting shall be chaired by another Independent	
			Member present.	
		(c)	An Appeal Committee may delegate to the Chair of that Appeal	
			Committee sitting to consider a particular disciplinary matter the	
			power to determine any preliminary or procedural issue that arises	
			prior to a hearing including but not limited to the determination of	
			the time periods under Regulations 10.2, 10.3 and 10.4.	
17	EXPULS	SION	ION	
	17.1	AM	ember or Student who is expelled from the Institute may apply to the	
		Men	nbers and Students Development Board to be re-admitted as a	
		Men	nber or Student in the following circumstances only:	
		(a)	At least one year has passed since the Member or Student was	
			expelled and the Member or Student has new evidence relating to	
			the disciplinary matter in relation to which he or she was expelled	
			which was not before the Disciplinary Committee or Appeal	
			Committee which considered his or her matter and could not	
			reasonably have been put before that Disciplinary Committee or	
			Appeal Committee by the Member or Student and the Member or	
			Student believes that if that Disciplinary Committee or Appeal	
			Committee had been in possession of such evidence it would not	
			have expelled the Member or Student; or	

		(b)	At least five years (or such period as the Council may from time to time determine) have passed since the Member or Student was expelled.	
	17.2	Upon receipt of an application for re-admittance under Regulation 17.1(a) the Members and Students Development Board shall refer the matter for consideration by the Chair of the Regulatory Panel. If the Chair of the Regulatory Panel considers that if the Disciplinary Committee or the Appeal Committee had been in possession of the new evidence it may not have expelled the Member or Student he or she shall convene a hearing before an Appeal Committee in accordance with Regulations 10 and 11. In all other circumstances the application for re-admittance shall be rejected.		
	17.3	Upon receipt of an application for re-admittance under Regulation 17(b) the Members and Students Development Board shall obtain the considered opinion of an Appeal Committee. The appointed Appeal Committee shall seek such further information as it deems appropriate and shall reach its opinion after considering all relevant factors including:		
		(a)	The seriousness of the breach(es) of Bye-Law 23; and	
		(b)	The applicant's conduct since expulsion; and	
		(c)	Whether if re-admitted the applicant could be expected to uphold the standards expected of a Member or Student.	
	17.4	Where an application under Regulation 17.1 is made by an individual who previously held a Practising Certificate and provided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force at the time that application is made the Members and Students Development Board and the appointed Appeal Committee shall also consider whether a further Practising Certificate should be granted if the applicant is re-admitted to membership of the Institute.		
18		•	AL OF PRACTISING CERTIFICATE	
	18.1	Provided the Institute has Practice Regulations in force at the time the application is made, a Member whose Practising Certificate has been withdrawn for an indefinite period may apply to have it re-instated by the Members and Students Development Board on the expiry of at least five years (or such period as the Council may from time to time determine) from the date of withdrawal.		

	10.7	1.1	reasing of an application for an instatement of a Duration of				
	18.2		receipt of an application for re-instatement of a Practising				
		Certificate under Regulation 18.1, provided the Institute has Practice					
		Regulations in force at the time of that application, the Members and					
		Students Development Board shall obtain the considered opinion of an					
		appointed Appeal Committee. The Appeal Committee shall seek such					
		further information as it deems appropriate and shall reach its opinion					
		after considering all relevant factors including:					
		(a)	the seriousness of the breach of Bye-Law 23; and				
		(b)	the applicant's conduct since withdrawal of the Practising				
			Certificate; and				
		(C)	whether if the Practising Certificate is re-instated the applicant				
			could be expected to uphold the standards expected of a Member				
			who is engaged in public practice.				
19	EFFECT	TIVE DATES					
	19.1	An order by the Investigations Committee to impose a Reprimand or					
		Entry on Record shall become effective on the date the Investigations					
		Comr	nittee receives the Respondent's consent to the imposition of the				
		Repri	mand or Entry on Record.				
	19.2	Any C	Compensatory Award made by the Investigations Committee shall				
		take effect when the decision of the Investigations Committee to make					
		the C	ompensatory Award is received by the Institute.				
	19.3	Any order, Compensatory Award or Reimbursement Order made by a					
		Disciplinary Committee shall take effect from the date of the expiry of the					
		appeal/review period specified at Regulation 7.2(n) unless the					
		Respondent shall duly give notice of appeal or apply for a review prior to					
		the expiry of such a period in which case the order, Compensatory Award					
		or Re	imbursement Order shall be suspended until the appeal or review				
		has b	een determined.				
	19.4	Any c	order of an Appeal Committee shall take effect from the date it is				
		annoi	unced by the Committee.				
	19.5	Any settlement order shall take effect on the date it is approved by the					
		Settlement Chair.					

20	PAYME	AYMENT				
	20.1	Any Cost Order, Compensatory Award or Reimbursement Order or fine				
		impose	ed by a Committee shall be payable within 28 days from the date			
		the order becomes effective unless the Institute agrees otherwise.				
21	NOTIC	ES				
	21.1	Subjec	t to express provisions within these Regulations, notices shall be			
		given a	and shall be deemed to have been received in accordance with the			
		Bye-Laws of the Institute.				
22	TRANS	TIONAL	TIONAL PROVISIONS			
	22.1	For the purposes of this Regulation 22:				
		(a)	"Relevant Date" means the date on which this Regulation comes			
			into force;			
		(b)	"Current Member" means a member of the Disciplinary			
			Committee or the Appeal Committee on the Relevant Date; and			
		(C)	"Current Chair" means the Chair of the Disciplinary Committee or			
			the Chair of the Appeal Committee (as the case may be) on the			
			Relevant Date.			
	22.2	From t	he Relevant Date, each Current Member will become a member of			
		the Regulatory Panel for the remainder of the period of their current				
		appointment subject to the provisions of these Regulations.				
	22.3	Any Cı	Any Current Member who, on the Relevant Date is eligible to be			
		reappointed to the Disciplinary Committee or Appeal Committee at the				
		end of their current term of office, may be reappointed at that time to				
		the Regulatory Panel.				
	22.4	Each current Chair shall continue to undertake the duties of their current				
		Chair role for the remainder of the period of their current appointment to				
		the Disciplinary or Appeal Committee as one of two Joint Chairs of the				
		Regulatory Panel provided always that they remain eligible to sit (subject				
		always to Regulations 15.4, 15.5, 15.6, 15.7 and 15.8 as applicable).				
	22.5	Upon c	one of the Current Chairs ceasing to hold that office, the remaining			
		Current Chair shall be the sole Chair of the Regulatory Panel for the				
		remainder of his or her current appointment and for any permitted period				
		of re-appointment.				