

London LGPS

Collective Investment Vehicle (CIV)

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- Background and Challenges
- Current Situation
- Where are we
- **Guiding Principles**
- Governance & Structures
- Next Steps
- Current Issues
- Questions



Background and Challenges (1)

- Pressure to reform to drive efficiency and VfM
- □ Deficit problems for some "death spirals"
- Government scrutinising
- Consultation expected soon
- Change is inevitable, only question is what and how



Background and Challenges (2)

Options under consideration include:

- Fund mergers
 - 89 down to possibly 5 or 6
- Collective Investment Vehicles (CIV)
 - voluntary or forced



- Current Situation (1) (data at end March 13)
- 33 London funds
- □ £22.9bn of funds under management
- **1** £72.8m spent in fees in 2012-13
- □ Fees range from 3bps to 200bps
- Average fees across all asset classes was 32bps

Current Situation (2) (data at end March 13)

- □ 253 mandates using 87 Fund Managers
- □ 5 firms have 36% of the business
- □ 99 mandates changed between 2010 13
- **Costing £7,480,654**



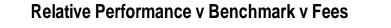
Current Situation (3)

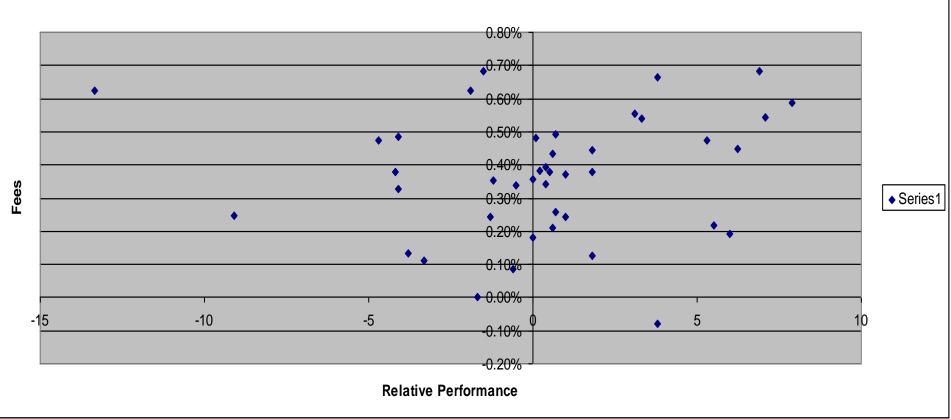
□ 19.6 % of all funds invested in **passive equity**

- Ranges from 0% up to 89% of individual Boroughs funds
- Fees range from 3bps to 16bps
- □ 34.1% in active equity
 - Ranges from 0% to 82%
 - Fees range from 13bps to 68bps



Active Global Equity Fees vs Relative Performance to Benchmark

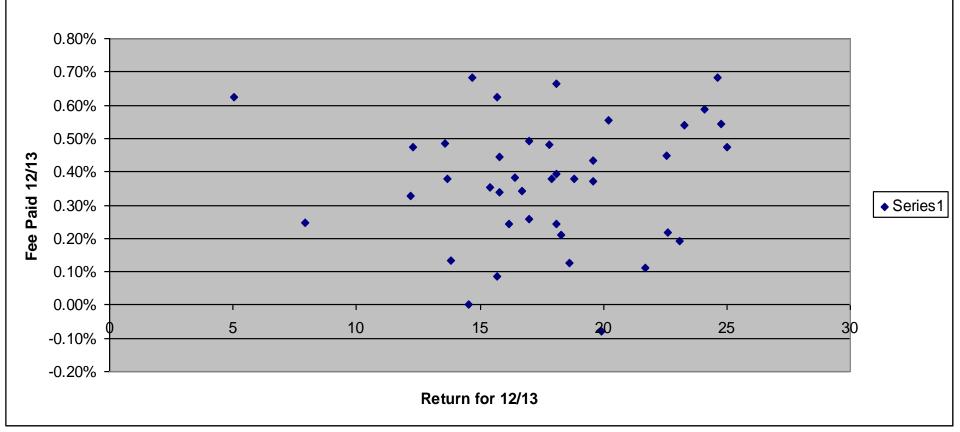






Active Global Equity Notional Returns vs Fees

Notional Returns v Fees



Current Situation (4)

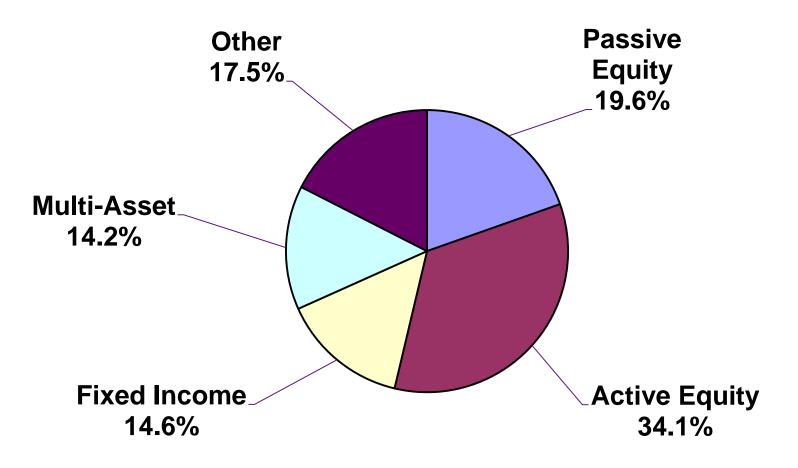
□ 14.6% in **fixed income**

- Ranges from 13% to 30%
- Fees range from 9bps to 51bps

□ 14.2% in multi-asset

- Ranges from 0% to 100%
- Fees range from 7bps to 55bps
- □ 17.5% in other asset classes
 - Ranges from 0.9% to 26%
 - Fees range from 13bps to 200bps

Asset Allocation (31.03.13)



Where we are (1)

- Leaders' Committee formed a member/officer Pensions Working Group (PWG) to look at and advise on issues
- Technical sub-group
- □ Various reports up to 11 March
- Expert advisers on board
- □ 26 boroughs fully engaged (inc. £25k each)



Guiding Principles (1)

- Investment in the ACS should be voluntary, both entry and withdrawal.
- Boroughs choose which asset classes to invest into, and how much.
- Boroughs should have sufficient control over the ACS Operator.
- ACS Operator will provide regular information to participating boroughs.

Guiding Principles (2)

- Investing authorities will take a shareholding interest in the Operator.
- Shareholders will have membership of the Pensions Joint committee.
- ACS will not increase the overall investment risk faced by boroughs.

Where we are (2)

- Recommendations being considered by each borough:
 - Limited company to be established?
 - □ Borough to become a £1 shareholder?
 - □ Interim directors?
 - □ Establish a new sectoral joint committee?
 - Nominate an elected member to sit on JC and exercise shareholder rights?



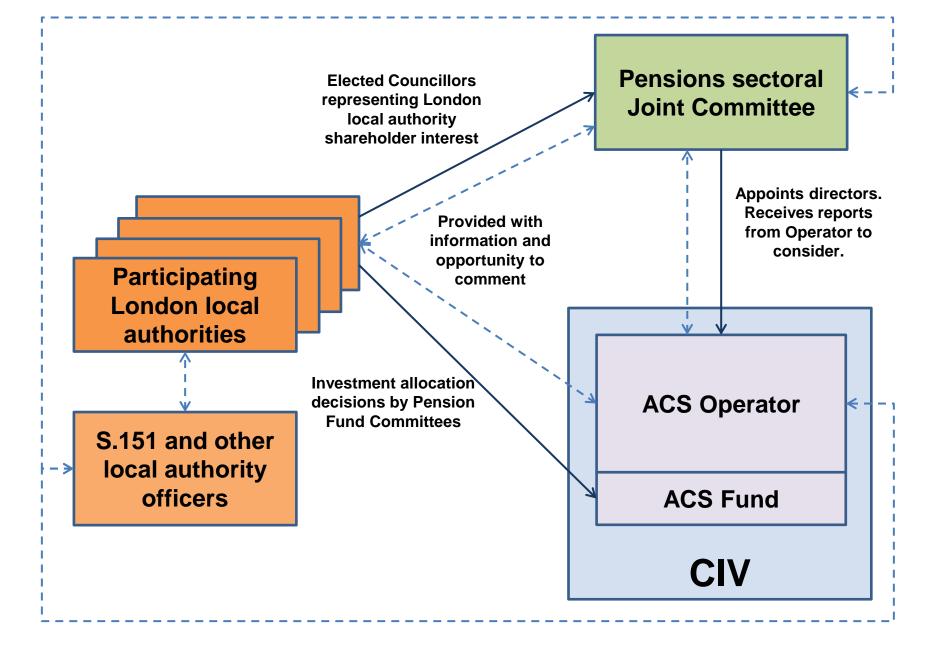
Business Case

Assets under management	£24bn	£10bn	£5bn
	£ 000's	£000's	£ 000's
Expected savings per annum	120,000	50,000	25,000
On-going Costs per annum	(6,100)	(3,650)	(2,750)
Establishment Costs	(1,700)	(1,500)	(1,400)

 actual savings and costs will depend on the number of participating boroughs, amount of assets under management and the mix of investments



Governance & Structures



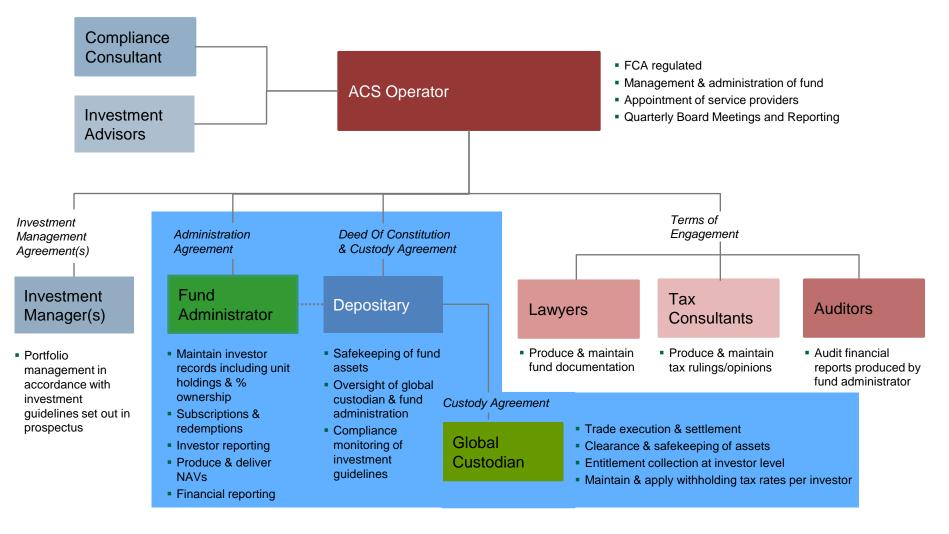
Decision making

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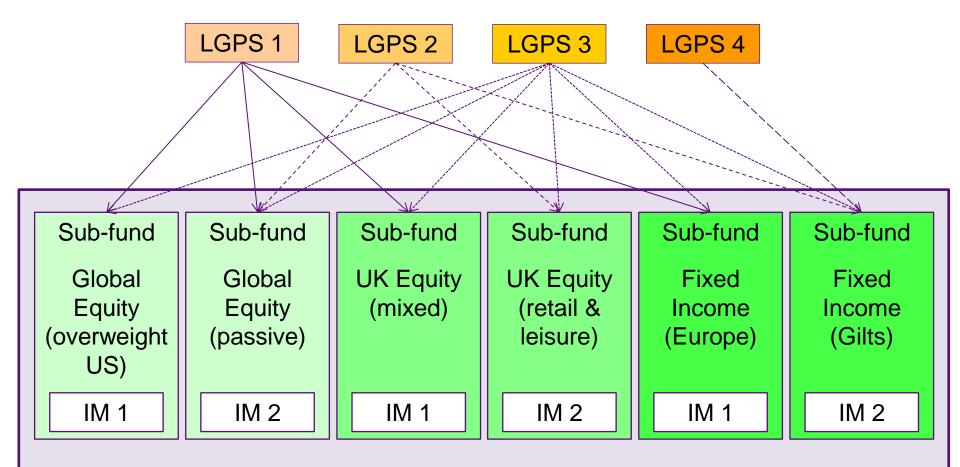
Key

----> Information flows









ACS (umbrella) Fund

Next Steps (1)

- Receive borough decisions
- Establish company
- Establish Joint Committee
- Decide on initial mandates for the fund
- Procure outsourced partners



- Next Steps (2)
- Documentation
- Seek FCA approval
- □ Aim to be operational in 12 months
- Boroughs make investment decisions



Current Issues

- Government consultation
- □ Sufficient borough sign-up to carry on
- Communications



Questions?